

CALLS HIM TRAITOR.

Debs. Made an Impassioned Speech at Chicago.

He Says Chief Arthur is a Traitor to Labor.

DEBS IS DESPERATE.

He is Working Hard to Regain Lost Prestige.

Chicago, July 16.—The American Railway union officials have determined to make a desperate struggle to regain for that order the prestige it has lost in the great strike now rapidly approaching a close. The executive board of the union held a meeting yesterday, the object of which was to map out a course for the future. After a lengthy discussion it was decided to send out "revivalists" to all important sections of the West. Six agitators had been sent out Saturday and it was decided to augment this number.

"The names of those sent out Saturday will not be given out," said President Debs to a reporter, "for fear of their being arrested for inciting a strike."

It was learned elsewhere, however, that Director Kern was sent to St. Louis to rally the forces there. Hogan was sent out over the Northern Pacific to stir up the employees of that company, and Goodwin was sent over the Northwestern to use his influence with the employees of that railway, and if possible induce them to go out. These delegates are all members of the executive board of the union. Other emissaries were sent out to work with employees of the many lines entering the city.

After the meeting adjourned an enthusiastic meeting was held in Ulrich's hall, President Debs presiding. He made a rousing speech, reminding one of the early days of the strike. "The strike," he said, "is now—right now—more prosperous and encouraging than ever before. We can and must win. The men who have gone back to work will again come back to us, and victory is ours."

"Grand Chief Arthur of the engineers is a scab jobber, and he will go down in history as a traitor to organized labor," he instructed his men to work with scabs and tells them that scabbing is honorable. He is a tool in the hands of the general managers.

"The strike is weaker in Chicago than elsewhere," continued Debs, "but it will grow stronger, just as in the West it is growing stronger every hour."

Fifteen meetings were held in different parts of the city during the afternoon and evening, several of which were addressed by Debs. He will today give out a statement in answer to the one made by Pullman.

Mr. Debs said several of his committee men had reported to him the Rock Island, Lake Shore, Eastern Illinois, Great Trunk and Western Indiana men would all be out again today. Nothing could be learned outside to verify the assertion, however.

President Debs visited the stock yards and addressed a crowd of strikers, who have for the most part, failed to secure their old positions. He urged them to continue the strike, which, he declared, was never nearer a victory than now. The men agreed to stand by Debs, but at the same time expressed themselves violently against the strikers who had taken their places. The switchmen and engineers were especially loud in their protests against a surrender. The butchers also had bitter words, all these men having seen their jobs filled the day before by non-union and imported men. The opinion was expressed loudly that the war was only begun.

During the day the district was plastered and covered with bills and posters reading as follows: "Executive board of Knights of Labor do hereby advise all workmen to keep away from the strike for Sunday, Monday, as it is the desire of all organized bodies that all honest workmen should do so, and we further condemn the action of the coopers in returning to work as high-handed and selfish, without asking concessions for the laborers, and that all men found working in the yards on Monday will forever be branded as enemies of organized labor. By order of the committee."

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND.

What the Well-Known Catholic Prelate Has to Say About the Strike.

Chicago, July 16.—Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, being asked what he had to say upon the railway strike spoke as follows:

"I dislike to speak of the Chicago strike, because in so doing I shall blame labor, while, because of my deep sympathy with it I should wish to have none but words of praise for it. Yet, in a social crisis, such as the one through which we are passing, it is a duty to speak loud and to make the avowal of truths and principles which will save society and uphold justice, and I am glad of the opportunity which a representative of the Associated Press affords me."

"The fatal mistake in connection with this strike is that property has been destroyed, the liberty of citizens interfered with, human lives in danger, social order menaced, the institutions and freedom of the country put in most serious jeopardy. The moment such things happen, all possible questions as to the right and grievances of labor must be dropped out of sight and all efforts of law abiding citizens and public officials made to serve in maintaining public order and guarding at all costs the public weal."

"Labor must learn that however sacred its rights be, there is something above them and absolutely supreme—social order and the laws of public justice. There is no civil crime as hideous or as pregnant of

evil results as resistance to law and the constitutional authority of the country. This resistance is revolutionary; it begets chaos; it is anarchy; it disrupts the whole social fabric which insures the safety of the poor as well as of the rich, of the employe as well as of the employer."

"For my own part, I believe the large number of men who join strikes are more to be pitied than to be blamed. They are led on by irresponsible and tyrannical chiefs. Labor unions have one marked evil in that they put the liberties of tens of thousands in the keeping of one man or of a few, who become their absolute masters, their despotic czars."

"These strikes read a lesson to capital. Capital must for its own sake, as well as for humanity's sake, be mindful of its own duties and of the rights and interests of labor. The solution to the differences between capital and labor is necessarily complex, and no one precise formula has been or can be found. A generous sense of justice toward all, a deep love of one's fellows, and attentive listening to the teachings of Christ will lead on all sides to a better understanding and to happier mutual relations. Certain it is, that so far as it is possible the laborer should not lack the means of support for himself and his family; he should not be overburdened either in weight or time of labor; he should be treated as a rational and a moral being, with all respect due his human dignity."

"His remuneration, if diminished in periods of depression, should increase in periods of prosperity. Industries which allow some profits which secure the laborer from want in sickness and old age gain strength to themselves, while comforting the working men. And, if some means of prevention of strikes and dangerous disputes between capital and labor, nothing better, so far, has been suggested than arbitration, within all the lines of wisdom and justice that national legislation can throw around it. Arbitration will give at least moral conclusion against which neither capital nor labor could well hold out."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC MOVING.

Trains Are Running Under Heavy Military Escort.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16.—All trains are moving approximately on schedule time. The west-bound overland, which has been tied up at Ogden, arrived at Sacramento about noon with a number of passengers. An east-bound overland, which left Sacramento Saturday, reached Reno last evening without interference. A pilot train, a mail train, and two passenger trains, all guarded by United States troops under the command of Colonel Poland, arrived at Reno from the east yesterday, and upon the arrival of the train from Sacramento all moved toward their respective destinations. The pilot train was equipped with all necessary apparatus for track repairs.

All local trains in this state are running under a military escort. Flat cars are sent in advance of the engines to preclude the possibility of trains being derailed. It is the intention of the railroad company to start a fruit train to-morrow. It will be made up of a number of refrigerator cars and will be heavily guarded.

ANOTHER WALK-OUT LIKELY.

St. Louis Organizations Vote on a Proposition to Quit Work.

St. Louis, Mo., July 16.—The committee of nine appointed by the trades and labor union meeting, which adjourned at an early hour yesterday, and which has power to call a strike of the unions represented therein, is composed of a bricklayer, elgarmaker, stationary engineer, sewer laborer, tobacco worker, brewer, brass worker, carpenter and horse-shoer. The members of the committee declare that not later than next Thursday all the members of unions in St. Louis will be out in support of Debs. In the meantime the strike is not settled.

A secret meeting was held by the strike committee, after which a telegram was sent to Chicago, advising the union laborers there that the committee would call out all the men here within an hour after the Chicago men had thrown down their tools. The telegram also expressed sympathy for the A. R. U.

Given Ninety Days in Jail.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 16.—A deputy United States marshal brought in from Danville Saturday a number of prisoners charged with contempt of the court in interfering with trains. Frank Lappine and J. Scott were charged with stoning the engineer of a train bringing other prisoners to Springfield. They were convicted and sentenced to ninety days in jail.

MORE TROUBLE AT ENID.

Another Attempt Was Made to Blow Up a Rock Island Bridge.

SOUTH ENID, Ok., July 16.—An unsuccessful attempt was made at 2 o'clock yesterday morning to blow up a bridge that crosses a creek near this town. The bridge was guarded by soldiers, who were fired upon by the person attempting the outrage. A small amount of dynamite was used, which was exploded without any material damage.

The telephone wires between North Enid and this place have been destroyed. This line also runs to the government town, which was probably the occasion of last night's act, as the Enid citizens are bitter against the telephone company and its government connections.

Call for Cough Cure and Insist upon having nothing else, 25 and 50 cent bottles. Try it and if it is not as we say—the best remedy of the kind in the world—we ask you to condemn it to all your friends.

Sold by Rowley Bros.

We put on new neckbands on shirts. Peerless Steam Laundry, 112 and 114 West Eighth street.

Prescott & Co. will remove to No. 118 West Eighth this morning.

The man who smokes says "that half the pleasure of his life is in smoking," when he smokes good cigars such as Stansfield keeps at 682 Kan. ave.

WITH A GOLD PEN.

Cleveland Signs the Bill to Admit Utah.

Machinery in Motion by Which to Become a State.

BIMETALLISTS HAPPY.

They Expect Great Things from the New State.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Private Secretary Thurber has in his custody at the White house a gold pen set in a silver holder. The implement is, from the artisan's standpoint, a fine piece of work, but if it fulfills its mission it will never be dipped in ink but once. That will be to-day, and it will inscribe the name of Grover Cleveland on a parchment headed: "An act to enable the people of Utah to form a constitution and state government, and to be admitted to the union on an equal footing with the original states."

At first it was intended to have a solid gold pen and holder, but as Utah comes in as a bi-metallic state and the Westerners who are making the silver fight in politics attach some sentiment to the white metal, silver was allowed to share honors at the accepted ratio. After the pen has done its work, Delegate Rawlins of Utah will take possession of it; it will be suitably engraved and enshrined in the state capital of the new state with its other historic souvenirs.

The signing of the act does not make Utah a state, but merely sets in motion the machinery by which she will become one. December of 1895 will probably be the time when Utah will be entitled to the forty-fifth star in the flag. The constitutional convention will meet next March to frame a state constitution, which will be submitted to the people for ratification at an election in November, 1895, when the governor and other state officers and a member of congress will be elected. If the constitution is ratified, and if the president finds that it provides for a republican form of government under the provisions of the act of congress, he will issue a proclamation announcing the fact and declaring Utah a state.

The legislature elected at the November election will meet early in December, and one of its first acts will be to choose two United States senators. It may be safely said the senior senator is likely to be the present delegate from the territory, whose fight for statehood is expected to certainly receive recognition if the views of his congressional colleagues are shared by his constituents.

The government pays the expenses of the territorial convention, as it does of the territorial legislature. If the bill will be a new registration of the voters, upon which the apportionment of the seventeen delegates to constitute the convention will be made. Each county is to have at least one delegate and one additional for every 2,000 population.

First the convention must declare on behalf of the people of the state to adopt the constitution of the United States. Several important requirements for the state constitution are made by congress; that it shall be republican in form and make no distinction in civil or political rights on account of race or color except as to Indians who are not taxed; that it shall not be repugnant to the constitution of the United States and the principles of the Declaration of Independence.

One of the most crucial requirements of the state constitution which was evoked by the power of the Mormon church is that it shall provide by ordinance irrevocable without the consent of the United States and the people of the state, that perfect toleration of religion or settlement shall be secured and that no inhabitants of the state shall ever be molested on account of the mode of religious worship, provided that polygamous or plural marriages are forever prohibited. The state is to disclaim all title to the improper or settlement lands and all Indian tribes are to remain under the absolute jurisdiction of the United States.

However, the government concedes liberal grants of lands to the state for public purposes. One hundred sections are given for public buildings at the capital; 90,000 acres for an agricultural college; two townships and 110,000 acres for the university of Utah; for irrigation purposes, 500,000 acres; for an insane asylum, for a reform school, for a state normal school, for an institution for the blind, each 10,000 acres, and for a miner's hospital, 50,000 acres. The United States penitentiary, near Salt Lake City, is given to the state.

All granted lands are to be sold at public auction at not less than \$5 an acre, but the state may lease them for terms of five years. Ten per cent of the proceeds of the sale of public lands, after the admission of the state, is to be paid by the government to the state as a permanent fund for the support of common schools, of which the interest only is available. It will be seen that liberal provisions are made for educational institutions and charitable purposes.

All the educational institutions are to remain under the exclusive control of the state and no part of the proceeds of the interest on the land is to be used for the support of any sectarian or denominational school.

These are the principal provisions of the contract upon which the government of the forty-four existing states admitted to the territory of Utah. Her population is now estimated to be 150,000, and the proportion of foreign born is less than in thirteen of the states.

Professor Helmholz Very Ill.

BERLIN, July 16.—Prof. Hermann Helmholz, the distinguished German scientist, who was taken suddenly ill Thursday, is suffering from paralysis of the left side.

CHRIST WAS AN ANARCHIST

So Declares the Rev. Myron Reed in a Speech Before the Denver A. R. U. DENVER, Col., July 16.—Rev. Myron Reed delivered an address before a large meeting held under the auspices of the A. R. U., in which he declared that he was an anarchist.

He continued by saying: "Jesus Christ was not only an anarchist, but was killed by the representatives of the law, the church and state for daring to practice humanity. Jesus Christ was an anarchist and a socialist, but I never read of his being a deputy sheriff. [Cheers.] Nothing has discouraged me so much in the past few weeks as to see so many men anxious to take a gun and go out and shoot these fellow men for the mere pittance of \$3 per day."

"I look at this effort now being made by such men as Pullman as an effort to break up all organizations of laboring men, so that they can deal with the workmen one by one and gradually get them down to pauperism and serfdom."

"I have been criticised for saying that any man had the right to take his labor away from any employer, but had not the right to interfere with any other man for taking his place. I say now that he has a right to interfere if he does it in a peaceable way. It is right and just for every man to protect his wages and his job. I also say that a man who does not belong to a union and stands ready to take another man's place at less wages is an enemy, a spy and an obstructer, and ought, in some peaceable way, to be removed." He predicted that unless something was speedily done for the laboring classes this country would be plunged into one of the greatest revolutions the world has ever known.

GAMBLING WRECKED HIM

A. J. Whiteman, Once a Millionaire, Now in a Cell for a Confessed Crime.

DETROIT, Mich., July 16.—A. J. Whiteman, at one time a member of the Minnesota senate, the son of a millionaire and worth \$300,000 in his own right, occupies a cell in the Central station. When arrested he gave the name of Fred Henry Cooper, but he was recognized by a former chum in the Columbia law college, of which he is a graduate.

He is under arrest here for complicity with James R. DeWitt, in passing a forged check for \$50 on the Cadillac hotel. Whiteman said, in his confession, that he was a moral and physical wreck, and that gambling had caused his downfall. The public think he has also done crooked work in New York. He was worth over a million a few years ago.

SUICIDE OF A POLITICIAN

A Well-Known Buffalo Man Takes His Own Life.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 16.—B. F. Gentsch, who finished his term as postmaster of Buffalo on July 1, who was an ex-member of the assembly, a large manufacturer, one of the best known Germans in Buffalo, and a prominent Republican, killed himself in the field back of his house on Seneca street, between 10 o'clock yesterday morning and 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Brooding over a loan of \$12,000 which he was instrumental in negotiating for a friend, and which a local bank was likely to lose, unbalanced his mind.

Blown Up With Dynamite.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 16.—The front of the residence of a colored man named Waite, at Steelton, was demolished early yesterday morning by dynamite. White went to Punxsutawney two weeks ago to work in the mines, and ever since then threats have been made by three sympathizers to kill the family. It is believed they attempted to put their threats into execution by putting a small bomb on the window and setting it off.

Another Great Project.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 16.—The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor has undertaken another great project, which is nothing less than an attempt to enlist all members of that organization with the leading denominational mission boards, in a wide-reaching and thorough campaign to arouse the missionary spirit among all Christians. It is a missionary extensive movement, similar to university extension.

For instance, Mrs. Chas. Rogers, of Bay City, Mich., accidentally spilled scalding water over her little boy. She promptly applied De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, giving instant relief. It's a wonderfully good salve for burns, bruises, sores, and a sure cure for piles. J. K. Jones.

Good work done by the Peerless

Prescott & Co. will remove to No. 118 West Eighth this month.

D. Holmes, druggist, 781 Kansas ave.

At Topeka Steam Laundry.

Peerless Steam Laundry—Peerless Steam Laundry.

The STATE JOURNAL'S Want and Miscellaneous columns reach each working day in the week more than twice as many Topeka people as can be reached through any other paper. This is a fact.

A satisfied customer is a permanent one. That's why we recommend De Witt's Early Risers. They cure constipation, indigestion and biliousness. J. K. Jones.

One word describes it—"perfection." We refer to De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, cures obstinate sores, burns, skin diseases and is a well known cure for piles. J. K. Jones.

The STATE JOURNAL'S Want and Miscellaneous columns reach each working day in the week more than twice as many Topeka people as can be reached through any other paper. This is a fact.

Daily Bank Meetings.

No Griping, no Nausea, no Pain, when De Witt's Little Early Risers are taken. Small Pill. Best Pill. Best Pill. J. K. Jones.

Webb & Harris, druggists, Benn's Flat.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Major General Carnahan's Order to the Uniform Rank—Place Tips.

The following order has been issued by Major General Carnahan: "All officers and Sir Knights will take notice of the following arrangements that have already been perfected, and they will govern themselves accordingly. The uniform rank will go into camp at the monument grounds in the city of Washington on Monday, Aug. 27, and in making arrangements for transportation see to it that these arrangements are perfected with the railroad, so that you shall reach Washington not later than the evening of Aug. 27. At 8 o'clock p. m., Aug. 27, the brigade and regimental commanders and their staff officers will report at the headquarters of the major general, in camp, for instructions and orders. The street parade will take place on the afternoon of Tuesday, Aug. 28. On Wednesday afternoon, Aug. 29, will be the field inspection and review."

Massachusetts will send 2,000 good men and true to the encampment.

At the recent session of the grand lodge, K. of P., of New Jersey a resolution was introduced to appoint a committee to provide ways and means for the erection of a suitable monument to the late Past Supreme Chancellor Samuel Read.

What an era of progress have been the last 30 years for the Knights of Pythias!

The grand lodge of Texas meets at Paris April 17.

Iowa has 400 lodges and 47 temples of Pythian Sisters.

Many a shipwrecked wanderer has found his anchor clinging to the Pythian rocks when all other hope had fled.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.

Movement to Admit Women to Full Membership—Various Notes.

The agitation for the admission of women to full membership in the order has become general, and several grand lodges have instructed their supreme representatives to work for that end. The experience of the New England Mutual Life Insurance company, which has taken risks on the lives of women for 35 years, seems to prove that there is no greater risk in insuring women than men.

W. A. Bowers of Warren Lodge, Somerville, Mass., in recognition of 15 years' service as reporter, has been created a past dictator.

The total membership of the order Jan. 1, 1894, was 120,004.

For the five weeks ending Feb. 17 871 applications were received at the supreme reporter's office.

Supreme Dictator Bellamy has renewed his recent offers of premiums for work accomplished between March 1 and June 1 of the present year.

The report of the grand dictator of Indiana shows 103 lodges in the state.

Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

According to the annual ritualistic provisions in the Shrine's history, it was evidently established as a politico-religious order and destined to become a formidable oriental power, its mission being to aid the distressed, comfort the afflicted, protect the innocent, harmonize rank and station, overthrow fanaticism, obliterate intolerance, bring the guilty to justice and perpetuate the welfare of mankind.

The annual session of the imperial council of the Mystic Shrine will be held at Denver July 17.

Medinah temple, Chicago, will occupy their new 14 story building about May 1. It is built of stone, brick, steel and iron and cost \$500,000. Medinah temple has about 3,000 members.

A. R. U.

The American Railway Union strike has stopped the shipping of sugar from all points. Don't you think it will advance?

40 lbs. Granulated \$1

1 lb. Choice Tea	50c
1 gal. Best Syrup	60c
1 gal. Pure Elder Vinegar	25c
50 lbs. Best Flour	85c
2 lbs. Carolina Rice	25c
1 lb. Pure Cream Baking Powder	25c
1 bottle Blueing	10c
1 sack Salt, table	10c
1 bottle Lemon Extract	10c
1 box Laundry Soap	25c
6 lbs. Rolled Oats	25c
3 lbs. Best Soda Crackers	25c
3 lbs. Large Raisins	25c

\$5.00

All the above articles must be ordered to get these prices.

CAPITAL GROCERY.

COMPETITION

IS THE

LIFE OF TRADE.

We invite competition, but we do not compete with the House of Refuge; we have no band of devoted ladies to beg money to replace our worn-out fittings or buy a new cooking range. We pay for our advertising what we can, and when we can't we don't beg for free notices. We have the nicest steaks and sirloin roasts fresh every day. We pride ourselves on keeping the best cooks and the most efficient waiters of any house in town.

THE CREMERIE,

734 Kan. Ave.

TOPEKA, - KANSAS.



Victor L. King.

An Afflicted Boy

Salt Rheum—Intense Pain

Eruptions Healed and Health Restored by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"We have used Hood's Sarsaparilla with great success in the case of our boy. When he was two years old, something resembling tetanus or salt rheum came out on his face. It was painful and owing to the intense itching, the little one could not refrain from scratching the flesh. His face became

An Awful Sight.

I applied different salves but they did not do any good. I had previously lost faith in doctors, so I decided he needed something for the blood, and having noticed Hood's Sarsaparilla highly recommended, I procured a supply. Its effects were quickly noticeable, the broken flesh healed

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

over and he became more healthy. He is now seven years old and I have never noticed any signs of a return of the trouble. He is now strong and healthy as any boy of his age. Mrs. CHRISTINE C. KING, Sandwich, Illinois.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, headache, sick headache, indigestion.

Wake Up

Wake Up

The Boston Shoe Co., 511

Kas. Ave., will offer special

drives in fine FOOTWEAR,

SATURDAY, July 7th,

as we are overstocked

in ladies summer Footwear.

We will cut prices to suit

the times to realize money.

LOOK AND READ!

Ladies' fine Juliettes in black and brown Kid, hand sewed and hand turned, \$3.00 shoes, 20 at \$2.00.

Ladies' fine Prince Alberts, \$3.00 shoes, \$1.00. 75 different styles Ladies' Oxford, will go for \$1.00. Ladies' fine French Kid, turned and well sewed \$3.00 shoes, \$1.45 this week only.

Ladies' Opera shoe and Common sense slippers, 25c. A fine Domed Kid and Cloth Top \$2.00 and \$4.00, \$1.00. Ladies' fine French Kid, turned and well sewed \$3.00 shoes, \$1.45 this week only.

Finest line of Men's Dress Shoes at half their value. Special cut prices on Men's Low Cut Shoes.

Men's Tennis shoes 50c. Fine assortment of Children's Low Shoes and Slippers in different styles and patterns, at less than cost to manufacture.

Call and examine prices whether you need to buy or not.

Boston Shoe Co.

511 KANSAS AVE.

All mail orders promptly attended.

SOLID THROUGH TRAINS